

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 09/940,722 08/27/2001 Ronald A. Schachar PRES06-00217 5803 **EXAMINER** 06/16/2006 Docket Clerk WILLSE, DAVID H P.O. Drawer 800889 ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER Dallas, TX 75380

3738

DATE MAILED: 06/16/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The Applicant's election of Species I (Figures 6-8) in the reply filed on April 19, 2004, is acknowledged. Because the Applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: In the amendments to the specification received on February 6, 2004, "platform" should be replaced by --planform-on line 1 of the paragraph to be substituted at page 16, line 18, of the specification. Appropriate correction is required.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 69, 75-77, 89, and 94-102 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. In claims 69 and 89, lines 1-2 of each, "one of said first dimension" lacks proper syntax. In claim 75, line 1, "said base" lacks a proper antecedent basis. Claim 76 fails to further limit claim 74 because the elongated body being "elongated" (among other *options*) does not narrow the scope of the claim. In claim 77, line 3, "said base" lacks a proper antecedent basis. In claim 94, line 5, "the pocket" lacks a proper antecedent basis. In claim 100, line 1, "said outer surface" lacks a proper antecedent basis; on lines 1-2, "said base" lacks a proper antecedent basis. In claim 101, line 1, "said ridge *member*" (emphasis added) lacks a proper antecedent bases. In claim 102, lines 1-2, "one of said first dimension" lacks a proper antecedent basis and lacks proper syntax.

Application/Control Number: 09/940,722

Art Unit: 3738

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 61-68, 70, 74-88, 90, 94-101, and 103 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Schachar, US 5,354,331. Regarding claim 1 and others, Schachar '331 discloses an ocular scleral prosthesis in the form of an adjustable scleral expansion band (column 7, lines 1-4) comprising at least one elongated body in the form of a strip of material (column 7, lines 4-8) capable of being implanted in a corresponding elongated pocket within scleral tissue of an eye in the zone exterior to the ciliary body (column 7, lines 36-39). Inner and outer surfaces of said flap are capable of contacting the base and the flap of the scleral pocket (column 7, lines 39-42; drawings) and are separated by enough distance or thickness to impart sufficient structural characteristics (e.g., strength) to elevate the flap and exert outwardly directed traction on at least the anterior margin of the pocket (column 7, lines 8-12; column 5, lines 38-41; etc.). Regarding claim 62, the ridge or crest limitation is met by the thread of the screw mechanism (column 7, lines 8-12), which is a means for expanding the contacted sclera to increase the effective working distance of the ciliary muscle (column 7, lines 8-12; column 2, lines 67-68; etc.). Regarding claim 88, the *helical* ridge or thread extends along *both* dimensions of the strip

Art Unit: 3738

planform. Regarding claim 94, the tangential screw mechanism (involving a ridge member or thread) on the base member or strip of material applies a force to the scleral pocket via the strip of material.

Claims 69, 89, and 102 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schachar, US 5,354,331. The particular dimensions for each of the "plurality of parts" (column 7, line 2) would have been obvious from anatomical considerations.

The Applicant's remarks have been considered. The examiner agrees with the Applicant's conclusion that the Schachar '331 variations relied upon in the above grounds of rejection are in the form of a complete ring. However, the transitional term "comprising" (e.g., current claim 1, line 1) is inclusive or open-ended (MPEP § 2111.03) so that the prosthesis as claimed could include additional elongated bodies or other elements; hence the "elongated body" as claimed need not correspond with the band in its entirety. The ends of a strip do not vanish when they are affixed to each other or to ends of other strips; in fact, overlapping ends are relied upon to provide adjustability to the device. The elongation or length of the strip or strips is likewise maintained so as to contribute to the circumference of the scleral expansion band. The Applicant contends that "[t]he tangential screw mechanism adjusts the circumference of the complete band before the complete band is inserted into the eye" (page 21, lines 7-9, of the Applicant's reply of February 6, 2004; emphasis in original), but such a purported scheme is not even possible for the embodiment described on page 20, last three lines, of said reply. Even if the Applicant is correct and the tangential screw mechanism is to be removed for some reason, the implant would then require some sort of mechanical connector to maintain the band in its adjusted state. Such a connector would then serve as the means for expanding the contacted

Application/Control Number: 09/940,722 Page 5

Art Unit: 3738

sclera by providing a reaction force to support the overlying tissue (Schachar '331: column 7, line 40) and to prevent a reduction in band circumference. Other issues are adequately addressed in the grounds of rejection presented above.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dave Willse whose telephone number is 571-272-4762. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Corrine McDermott, can be reached on 571-272-4754. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Dave Willse Primary Examiner

Art Unit 3738